

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

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SEYMOUR, INDIANA, MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1919.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MUCH ACTIVITY AT GRAND JURY ROOM

Biggest Crowd of Witnesses in Years Awaiting Turn to be Called Before the Body.

CORRIDOR FILLED ALL DAY BASIS IS 100 PERCENT. VALUE

Indications Are That All Cases Set for Trial During Week Will be Reset or Continued.

Speculation as to the activity of the grand jury in session at the court house was rife today. The corridor leading up to the grand jury room was filled with witnesses waiting their turn to be called before the inquisitorial body. It was stated that the biggest crowd of witnesses for the grand jury in recent years assembled at the court house today. The number of witnesses naturally gave rise as to the character of the cases under investigation, but the witnesses failed to give any intimation as to the purpose of their visit. The guesses around the court house were many and varied. The grand jury works in secret and nothing is known as to its work until its report is made. Then only the number of indictments are made public and the names of the defendants are withheld until the arrests are made.

It is possible that all the witnesses called before the grand jury today were summoned on one case, but that was not regarded as likely by court house officials. It was the general impression that a number of alleged violations of law were under consideration.

It is expected that the grand jury will complete its work this week. Last week it was reported that the body anticipated adjournment by the middle of the present week and it may be that the large number of witnesses was due to the desire of the members to wind up their work as soon as possible. The session has been in progress since last Monday.

The case of the state vs. John Owens, charged with trespass, was set for trial Tuesday, but the case cannot be tried as E. P. Elsner, attorney for the defendants, is sitting as a member of the Indiana legislature and is unable to attend the trial. The case has been postponed for many terms and is one of the oldest on the docket.

The case of the state vs. Harry C. Drake, of Indianapolis charged with arson in connection with a fire at Clearspring, was also set for Tuesday, but neither the state nor the defendant will be ready for trial so it will be reset or continued until later in the terms. The continuance of these two cases means that there

(Continued on page 5, column 1.)

CHAPLAIN IN ARMY GIVES AN INTERESTING ADDRESS

The Rev. Austin Lord Speaks of the Bravery and Hardships of The American Forces.

The Rev. Austin Lord, who served as a chaplain with the American forces in France, gave an interesting address at the First M. E. church Sunday night. He told of the big battle in the St. Mihiel sector and said that the victory was due to the courage and bravery of the American soldiers. He told how some of the Americans lay wounded on the field for hours and even days before they could be removed. He vividly described the attack by the Americans before St. Mihiel and of the effective barrage that the Yankees laid down much to the surprise of the German forces.

When the Americans entered the villages which had been in German hands for four years, the inhabitants did not recognize the American uniforms. When they were told that they had been liberated by the Americans they could not believe the statement as they did not know that the Yankees were in France.

Chaplain Lord told of the brutal bombardments by the Germans of the Red Cross hospitals which were plainly indicated in the usual manner. Some of these bombardments resulted in the death of a hundred or more wounded men.

ASSESSORS BEGIN THEIR 60-DAY JOB

Proposition of Listing Personal Property Made Difficult by Uncertain Legislation.

CORRIDOR FILLED ALL DAY BASIS IS 100 PERCENT. VALUE

Schedule for Assessing Farm Property is Arranged at Meeting Saturday—Township Deputies.

The big job of listing the personal property in Jackson county was started this morning and the deputy assessors face the hardest proposition that has been presented for many years. The work is made difficult by the unsettled legislation as the assessors do not know positively whether the assessments will be made on the hundred percent, fifty percent, or twenty-five per cent. basis. All the assessors and their deputies were instructed by James Branaman, county assessor, at the meeting Saturday afternoon to list personal property at full value and then if the legislature decided to assess it on the fifty percent. basis the amount listed will be cut in two. The books which were used in the past were not distributed to the deputies this year and the listing of property will be made without reference to any assessments heretofore.

Ed Himebaugh, assessor in Jackson township, has appointed the following deputies:

Real Estate in City—John L. Vogel and Frank Gates.

Personal property in city—Charles Murphy, northeast section; Ed Says, northwest section; Harry Hoover, southwest section, and Louis Sweany, southeast section. The city is divided according to the Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania Lines tracks.

For the country the assessors are Aaron A. Ruddick and Fred Miller.

There is some speculation as to whether any law that might be passed by the legislature now would become effective as to the present assessment. The assessment work was started under the law that was in force on March 1, and it is probable that a protest from any citizen against the state board of tax commissioners would be sufficient from preventing the enforcement of any new regulations this year.

The assessors have been instructed that as a general rule they are to list personal property at its true cash value, but for the guidance of the assessors several schedules have been provided. Automobiles costing less than \$700 are to be taken at eighty percent of their original cost if used for only one year, and the assessment will run as low as twenty percent where they have been used five years or more. The percentage on machines costing from \$700 to \$1,800 runs from seventy-five to twenty-five percent, according to period of use, and on machines costing in excess of \$1,800 the assessment basis is from 75 percent to twenty-five percent of the original cost.

The schedule also includes: Wheat \$2 a bushel; corn, \$1 a bushel; rye, \$1 a bushel; oats 50 cents a bushel; hay, \$15 a ton; alfalfa hay, \$20 a ton; bacon, 25 cents a pound; lard, 25 cents a pound; poultry, \$10 per dozen.

Telephones which are owned by individuals as on some of the rural party lines, will be listed at \$5 each.

Horses and other stock are to be taken at the true cash value.

Fancy Beef.

Spare ribs, brains, hearts, and liver. All kinds of beef, pork, veal and lamb. We trim our meats but not our customers. L. G. Heins, m4d

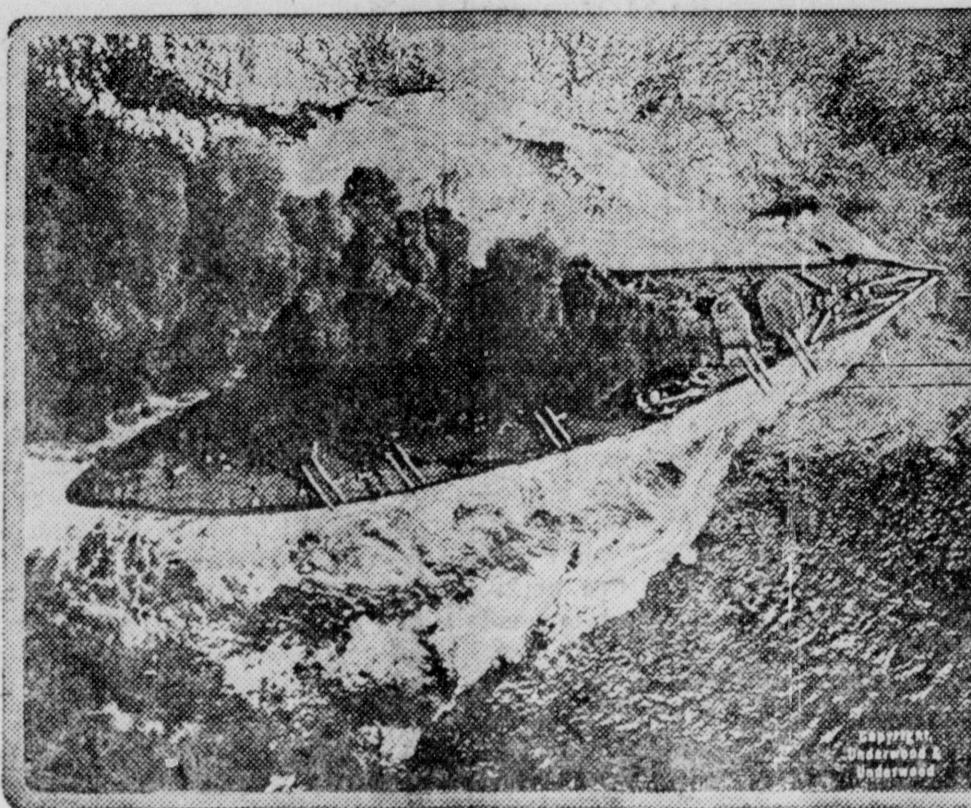
Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued Saturday to William Davis of Redding township, and Arpha Jackson of this city.

Mrs. Mary Pollock, Elv., Muri and Roy Pollock of Vallonia, expect to leave tomorrow for Indianapolis for future residence.

Mrs. J. L. Goss of Brownstown, went to Sellersburg this morning where she will undergo an operation.

SMOKE SCREEN PUT UP BY A WARSHIP



This photograph, taken at sea from a kite balloon, gives an idea of the effect of a "smoke screen" on going into action. The warship is the Erin of the British navy.

PLANS MADE FOR BIG MONEY DRIVE

CLEARING THE WAY FOR ADJOURNMENT

Conference Relative to Lutheran Three Million Dollar Campaign Conducted in This City.

MANY DELEGATES PRESENT

AMENDMENTS ARE OFFERED

Task of Organizing Churches in District will be Accomplished Between March 3 and 29.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of representatives of Lutheran churches in southern Indiana and Kentucky was held at the Lutheran parish house Sunday afternoon. Twenty-two churches of the Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States were represented. The territory covered includes Indianapolis and vicinity, Bartholomew county, Jackson county and Louisville and vicinity.

The meeting was called to order at 2:30 o'clock by the Rev. J. D. Matthis, of Indianapolis, who acted as chairman.

A roll-call showed that seventeen pastors, twenty-two teachers and twenty-two lay-delegates were present. Besides the official delegates a large number of guests from Indianapolis, Columbus and Seymour were in attendance.

Several addresses were made by

(Continued on page 3, column 2.)

OWEN TOWNSHIP ROAD CONTRACT IS AWARDED

Charles L. Smith Files Bid of \$3,790 for 7,000 Feet of Gravel Highway—Superintendent Named.

The county commissioners in regular session today awarded the contract for the Wray gravel road in Owen township to Charles L. Smith on a bid of \$3,790. The road is 7,000 feet long. John W. Fountain was named as superintendent of construction.

George B. Lucas and Elmer Kerner were appointed viewers on the John B. Spurgeon highway in Salt Creek township, and E. B. Douglass was named as engineer.

The viewers are to report at the next term of the commissioners' court.

All other road matters were continued. The contractors and bondsmen for the concrete and macadam roads in this township were ordered to report to the commissioners at the April term and it is expected that a decision will be reached at that time as to what action will be taken towards completion of the contracts. The bonds for these roads have already been sold.

The commissioners had a number of other matters pertaining to highway and bridge repairs before them and it is likely that they will make an inspection tomorrow.

Ellsworth Post N. 20.

Will meet at the hall at 9:30 o'clock to attend the funeral of Wm. Rumbley.

Joe Books, P. C. Commander.

COUNCIL TAKES UP PRELIMINARY PACT

Supreme War Body About Ready to Announce Peace Terms—Modification of Blockade.

HUNLAND LEFT POWERLESS

Warships Under Construction to be Broken Up and Materials Used for Peace Time Purposes.

By United Press.

Paris, March 3—The supreme war council today took up the terms of a preliminary peace to be imposed on Germany. At the same time it discussed conditions under which the economic blockade of that country will be partly raised.

Conditions under which the blockade is to be modified, will, it was understood, be ready to be put into effect immediately after the return to Paris of President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George and Premier Orlando.

The military and naval terms to be included in the preliminary peace pact will render Germany absolutely powerless to make war, it was learned from authoritative sources.

Warships under construction will be broken up. All German submarines and submarine docks will be surrendered within two weeks after the treaty is signed. Similar work in the process of construction must be broken up within three months after peace is concluded though the material may be used for peaceful purposes.

The separate peace terms probably will be completed by the first of next month by which time the details of the treaties with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey will be discussed.

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Marshal Foch's report, submitted Saturday, was paid to include destruction of all German war material, with the exception of arms for a few divisions, which will be left for police duty. The allies will also be given supervision over all German munitions factories.

The naval conditions were said to include surrender to the allies of practically all that remains of the German navy. The units to be turned over will be the battleships Oldenburg, Thuringen, Ostriesland, Helioland, Posen Westfalen, Rheinland, and Massau, the light cruisers Pillau, Graudenz, Regenburg, Straleund, Strasburg, Augsberg, Kilburg and Stuttgart, 42 modern destroyers and 50 modern torpedo boats.

Fred A. Sims, member of the board of tax commissioners of the state, and author of the tax measure was hopeful that "the essence of the bill would survive" the attacks in the Senate although there was but little optimistic comment forthcoming from the office of the governor on this measure.

As soon as the tax bill is cleared from the Senate docket it is generally understood that the general and then the specific appropriation bill will be considered in committee of the whole and placed under their passage under the suspension of rules, after the fashion in which the highway commission bill passed the upper branch late Saturday.

The House will return to routine business following the passage of the appropriations bill which is expected tonight.

Senator Negley, of Indianapolis, today introduced a senate concurrence resolution requesting congressional action for six months' pay to discharged soldiers, sailors and marines. Senator English, Indianapolis, introduced another resolution providing for making up a deficit for six months, between the present pay and the pay received by soldiers, sailors and marines before they entered the service.

Senator James, Dana, asked that the Symons blue sky bill be referred to another committee. The motion was lost. Consideration of the Mendenhall tax bill which was on the docket for today was postponed until tomorrow on motion of Senator Negley. The senate today passed the Ratts resolution amendment the constitution and providing for enum-

RECOGNITION IS GIVEN TO SOVIET

German Government Makes Frantic Attempt to Stem The Tide of General Disorders.

PUNISHMENT FOR RIOTERS

General Strike in Berlin Appears Certain—Uprisings Continue Throughout The Country.

By United Press.

Berlin, March 3—The German government today partly recognized the soviet. In a frantic effort to prevent the general strike from becoming a nation wide revolution, the cabinet issued a proclamation, admitting social and economic control of industries by the workmen's council, but promising stringent punishment for further disorders. The workers insisted upon full political recognition threatening an uprising within a week that will be of sufficient power to overthrow the government.

A general strike in Berlin appeared certain today. Riots are reported to be continuing in all parts of the country.

The Spartacists were said to be gaining ground, even among the majority socialists. Great demonstrations were planned for Berlin and a general strike may be proclaimed. Col. Reinhardt, military commandant, declared the strikes would be suppressed by all possible means.

The Vorwaerts has demanded that the cabinet resign unless the national assembly grants the workers "justified demands." The government has issued a proclamation stating it will not support the demands for nationalization of all industries.

The representatives of the Workers' Council were holding a convention this afternoon to decide if the recognition offered them is sufficient. It is understood they were reticent in regard to the use of force.

In Munich it was reported that the Spartacists and Socialists were waiting for each other to begin hostilities.

HOME SERVICE WORKERS TO HOLD CONFERENCE

Red Cross Workers of District to Meet at Columbus March 7 and 8.

"Present Day Tasks of Home Service" and "The Future of Social Service" are two of the topics listed for discussion the first day of the regional conference at Columbus arranged by the Civilian Relief Department, Lake Division, American Red Cross, to be held March 7 and 8.

Home Service workers from the following counties have been invited to confer with representatives from Civilian Relief Department, Lake Division, Johnson, Bartholomew, Deatur, Jackson, Scott, Jennings, Shelby, Jefferson, Rush, Hendricks, Morgan, Brown, Ripley, Switzerland, Ohio, Dearborn.

The second day of the conference will be devoted to community welfare and mobilization problems. "The Reconstruction and Re-education of the Crippled and Disabled Men" will be the speaker's topic at the public mass meeting to be held on the evening of March 7.

The tentative program includes such speakers as Dr. J. R. Colbert, director of the Bureau of Research and Education, J. B. Biddle, Home Service field supervisor, Miss Virginia Wing, assistant to the director of the Civilian Relief Department, and Miss Rhoda Welding, Home Service field supervisor.

Republic Proclaimed.

By United Press.

Paris, March 3—An unconfirmed report was received today that a republic had been proclaimed in Luxembourg and that the Grand Duchess Charlotte has fled.

Victrola Record Announcement.

Victor Records for March are here. Enough said. Come early.

Progressive Music Store.

Seed Oats.

Early June Oats for seed 75c per bushel. White oats same price. G. H. Anderson.

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SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-

office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY—By Carrier.

One Year \$5.00
Six Months \$2.50
Three Months \$1.25
One Week .10DAILY—By Mail in Advance.
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MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1919.

SITUATION IN GERMANY.

With the growing spirit of anarchy in Germany the position of the recognized government becomes perilous. The Spartacists have made repeated attempts to overthrow the government and the anarchists, claiming that the Spartacists are too conservative, are striving to get control. The effort to form a republic at Weimar is making little headway. The seat of the new government has been cut off from Berlin. Some of the members of the cabinet have been able to reach the capital while others are held practically as prisoners in Weimar. The situation is anything but encouraging.

It appears that there has been too much delay on the part of the allies in effecting peace terms. The people in Germany are just beginning to realize what has happened. They are beginning to see that they will be held responsible for the damage their armies wrought in Belgium and France. They had only a vague idea of what the terms of settlement would be when the armistice was signed. The spirit of victory permeated the German people so strongly that it did not occur to most of them that terms would be dictated to them. For years they have been told how Germany would frame the terms of peace to be saddled upon the allies. It is hard for them to face the truth.

The situation in Germany can best be clarified by a speedy presentation of peace terms. The world wants to get through with the war business and settle back to normal life. It is the uncertainty that causes the depression of business and trade between the nations of the world that we have heard so much about. Germany wants to restore trade with other countries so that food and material can be shipped in and in this way the civil disorders will be quieted. The delay by the associated powers is costly. The quicker the peace terms can be formulated the better it will be for the entire world.

TELEPHONE EXPENSE.

The cost to the public in Indiana of the new Burleson rate order is set forth in a report compiled by the Indiana public service commission. The additional cost of government control of telephone lines is saved the public by the recent decision of Judge Ewbank in the Marion circuit court. The following report is interesting:

Estimate has been made on six of the smaller exchanges which were selected, showing an average of 1,300 subscribers with an average toll billing of \$680 for the month of January, 1918. This averages 52 cents per subscriber for toll for the month.

A study of the proposed government rates indicates an average increase of from 25 to 30 cents over the present toll rates. Using the lowest indicated average increase of 25 per cent on the average normal cost of 52 cents per subscriber means an increased cost of 13 cents per subscriber per month.

Estimating the total number of subscribers in Indianapolis to be 80,000 and 13 cents each means \$10,400 increased cost per month or \$124,800 per year.

In selecting these six exchanges,

COLDS INTERFERE WITH BUSINESS

Dr. King's New Discovery relieves them and keep you going on the job

Fifty continuous years of almost unfailing checking and relieving coughs, colds and kindred sufferings is the proud achievement of Dr. King's New Discovery.

Grandparents, fathers, mothers, the kiddies—all have used and are using it as the safest, surest, most pleasant-to-take remedy they know of.

Sold by all druggists. 60c and \$1.20.

Keep Bowels On Schedule

Late, retarded functioning throws the whole day's duties out of gear. Keep the system cleansed, the appetite lively, the stomach staunch with Dr. King's New Life Pills. Mild and tonic in action. Sold everywhere. 25c.

they necessarily represent the smaller business average toll business. The larger cities of Indianapolis, Terre Haute, South Bend, Fort Wayne, Evansville and the Gary district, contain many business concerns whose toll business runs into large sums, and were these areas used instead of the smaller, there is no doubt but that the average increase cost resultant from the proposed government schedule would be much larger."

BOGUS LEGISLATION.

There has never been a session of the Indiana legislature that has been free of attempts to pass dangerous and fraudulent bills. The session now in progress is no exception. But Speaker Eschbach of the house, is cognizant of such attempts and has warned the representatives against such efforts. The danger is greater during the final week of the session when the rush of work is more pronounced. The members of the house and senate will be on the alert for such measures.

The words of the speaker sounding the warning to the members of the house carry a threat if such legislation is attempted by any jobby. He is in a position to prevent such legislation and the following warning uttered by him shows that he will block it:

"Gentlemen, I desire to warn you at this time that there will be made a serious effort by a combination, which has been formed, to put across bills of questionable character during the closing days of the session. There is an investigation being made at the present time of this purpose. You men will have great pressure brought upon you during the closing days of the session by people who are desirous of opening the doors of the state treasury. I expect to tell you gentlemen what the investigation shows if it becomes necessary. I shall turn over the gavel to some member and take the floor and tell the purposes of the combination."

Soldiers' Letters

Brothers Write.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Gilbert have received letters from their two sons who are with the Army of Occupation. In his letter Corporal Rae Gilbert states that on arriving in France he was taken ill with the influenza and spent several weeks in a hospital. Upon his recovery he was ordered to the front and saw active with the tank corps at Argonne Forest. He states that he has some pictures of this battle which he will have developed when he gets home. He is now in France and expects to return to the United States about the middle of March.

The following letter was received from Corporal Frank Gilbert:

Thil, France,
January 27, 1919.

My Dear Mother:—

Just time for a little note to you will know that I am O. K. and I sure do hope that you are the same.

Your letter of December 19 received yesterday and I sure was glad to hear from you and that you are so much better. I received a letter from Rea last night stating that you was out at Dots for the holidays. Was sure glad to hear that for I know that you had one good time.

I passed a very pleasant Christmas under the conditions we were in at that time. We had just moved from Dudelange to Cons la Grandville the day before Christmas but we sure had a dandy Christmas dinner. Pork chops was the main attraction of the dinner for we seldom get pork over here (but we get beef most every day). We also had the rest that goes to make a good Christmas dinner.

I just got word that my Christmas box was at H. Q. so am thanking you in advance for whatever it contains, will be a great treat and then it is from the best mother in the world. Rea also stated that he had received his box.

Well mother dear, we have moved again. This time to a town by the name of Thil. It is a fine little place about the same as the rest of the French towns that I have been in.

Villemur is about fifteen minutes walk from here. It is a fairly good sized city. We can get most everything we want there. They have a Y. M. C. A. there, the first one I have seen since we were on the front.

We have two French girls to do our cooking. For there are only seventeen of us here. This job is more like home each day.

We are doing guard duty here. Guarding German shells and equipment. You sure would be surprised to see the stuff that the Germans had stored around here. A great deal of it has been damaged. Most all of the plants of any importance have been wrecked but they will sure pay for it in the end. I hope you will not be offended when I tell you that this

paper and ink that I am using to write this letter was captured from the Germans. This town of Thil is located west of the Lex line somewhere. I haven't had time to look it up on the map. We move so much I have tried to keep in mind the route we have taken. I will try to give you a rough outline of it.

From Camp Upton, Long Island, we went through New H. and Vermont to Montreal, Canada. From there we went down the St. Lawrence River to Halifax (seeing damage done there by that explosion of a munition boat). From Halifax we sailed landing at Liverpool, England, making a total of eighteen days on the water. (About half of that time I didn't care what became of me). We spent one night in Liverpool going to Winchester the next day. We were there about one week. Our next stop was at South Hampton. We sailed from there across the English channel to Le Havre, France. From there to Val de hon, France, going through some of the biggest cities of France. At one time we were just a few miles from Paris. We were at Val de hon five weeks, all of that time was put into good hard training. From there we went into action. I don't remember the date but it was some time in July. That was in the St. Die sector. We were on that sector for about one month making one big drive, taking the town of Frappell which gave us quite a reputation. From there we hiked 102 miles. By hiking day and night we reached the St. Mihiel front and went into position the night before the big drive. The details of the hike and drive I will keep from you until I get back. It was about this time we were given the Red Diamond which we wear on our left shoulder, selected at the suggestion of Col. Charles Mealo, the Ace of Diamonds. Being shock troops the division was split up then. The artillery being attached to several different divisions at different times. I shall turn over the gavel to some member and take the floor and tell the purposes of the combination."

After completing the St. Mihiel drive we went into position near Thiencourt, I don't remember how long we were there but our next move was on the Metz front. It was some what quiet there than most places we had been.

Our division took part in the Ar-

gonne-Meuse offensive around Verdun, back for the second time in Aronne-Meuse. And when the armistice was signed we were at Thiencourt for the second time. We were on the front longer than any other artillery without relief I have heard. Also under heavier shell fire and our casualties were among the smallest.

From what I have heard the division captured 48 officers, 2357 men, 98 pieces of artillery, 802 machine guns and advanced about 29 kilometers on the front.

After the armistice was signed we started the trial through Germany. Our first big stop was at Dudelange, I was there about two weeks when I was sent out on detached duty back in France to a place called Sons la Grandville. From there to Vellenla Montagne and from there to Thil. I haven't the least idea how long we will be here but expect to go back to the battery from here. Well I have just hit a few of the places we have been and some of the things we have done. But so much for the past. (I will be much better in telling you than writing.)

By the time you receive this I will be in France nine months. We have already received our gold stripe for six months service in France.

So far the weather is a little cooler. We had snow but it did not last long. We have fine quarters and lots of blankets. And I must repeat we are sure getting good eats.

Give father and Dot my best and to keep that boy in good shape for I am hoping to be with you all soon. Hoping again mother that you are in the best of health, to the best mother in the world.

Corporal Frank Gilbert,
Bat. F, 21st F. A.,
American E. F.

Flour, Feed and Coal.

I am in the market for all the good white corn with no rotten, frost-bitten or mixed in it. I will pay \$1.25 per bushel. I will also sell the very best grade of flour at \$5.80 per 1/2 bbl, \$1.45 per sack at the mill. Also have plenty of good Eastern coal at \$6.50 per ton delivered in town, \$6.25 at the yard. And a full stock of all kinds of feed with prices in proportion.

G. H. Aderson.
d&wtf

We Do "Printing That Pleases."

VETERAN OF CIVIL WAR ANSWERS FINAL SUMMONS

William J. Rumbley, Aged Seventy-six Years, Passes Away Sunday at Home in This City.

William J. Rumbley, aged seventy-six years, a well known retired farmer, died at 3 o'clock Sunday morning at his home, 225 North Poplar street. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served more than four years. Upon the first call for volunteers in 1861 he enlisted with Company C, Seventeenth Indiana Regiment of Volunteers, in Harrison county, and was honorably discharged on August 8, 1865.

Mr. Rumbley was born in Harrison county March 15, 1842, and his exact age was seventy-six years, eleven months and eighteen days. Following service in the Union army during the Civil War, he came to Jackson county and had lived in the vicinity of Seymour since that time. He was married to Miss Mary S. Roberts January 18, 1871, and to them seven children were born, three having died. Besides the widow leaves three sons, George, at home; Tipton J., of Crothersville, and J. F. Rumbley of Brazil, and one daughter, Mrs. Nellie Ritz, of Columbus. He also leaves five grandchildren.

Mr. Rumbley was a member of the Methodist church and of Ellsworth Post, G. A. R. The funeral will be held from the residence at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, conducted by the Rev. Charles W. Whitman, pastor of the First M. E. church, with the G. A. R. in charge. Burial at Riverview cemetery.

Mr. Rumbley engaged in farming most of his life and lived near this city until last January when he moved to Seymour. Because of his long residence in this community he was widely known and was admired for his steadfastness to the principles of right and for his sterling qualities of character.

Infant Dead.

Dorothy E. M. Mellenkamp, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Mellenkamp, Hamilton township, died Sunday at the home of her parents northeast of Cortland. The deceased was born February 18, this year. The funeral services were

MR. FAMILY MAN:

Why Spend So Much Money on Shoes?

Here is what Tracy Munson of Joplin, Missouri, says of Neolin Soles: "Judging from my own experience, they wear four times longer than other soles and have the additional advantage of being waterproof and slip-proof."

Why continue to wear extravagant old-fashioned soles when you can get these money-saving, long-wearing soles in new shoes in any style you like for any member of the family? Good shoe stores everywhere carry them.

And don't throw away your old shoes. Have them re-bottomed with Neolin Soles and enjoy the comfort of a re-soled shoe which is not stiff or clumsy. Neolin Soles are a discovery of Science, and are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear all other heels.

Neolin Soles
Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

conducted at the residence this afternoon by Rev. O. G. Misamore, pastor of the St. Paul Congregational church. Interment at Riverview cemetery.

Dr. J. K. Ritter has received a letter from his son, Harold C. Ritter, who is connected with the disbursing office in the general headquarters of the allied armies. Young Ritter left the United States in September. He leaves the impression that it will be some time yet before he gets to come home. At present he is stationed at Treves, Germany, where high officials of the allied armies make their headquarters.

Glenn Jones, of Waynesville, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

FOR COUGHS OR COLDS
There Is Nothing Like
SCHIFFMANN'S EXPECTORANT
DRUGGISTS REFUND MONEY IF NOT PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY
64 DOSES—JUST TRY IT—COSTS 50¢

DON'T MISS THE ADVERTISEMENTS

Read them as an investment.

Read them because they save you money.

Read them because they introduce you to the newest styles—the latest comforts for the home—the best of the world's inventions.

Read them as a matter of education.

Read them to keep abreast of progress.

Read them—regularly!

Nervousness and Headaches Caused by Acid-Stomach

There is a much closer connection between the stomach and brain than most people imagine. It is because of this close connection that indigestion, belching, sour, gassy stomach and other stomach miseries—all of which are sure signs of acid stomach—are so often followed by severe attacks of blinding, splitting headaches.

Nervousness, sleeplessness, irritability, mental depression, melancholia and many other disorders which affect the brain can also nearly always be traced to the same source—acid-stomach.

So often you hear people say "I am so nervous I think I'll fly to pieces," or "It seems I never get a good night's sleep any more, my nerves are all on edge." Little do they dream that acid stomach is the direct cause of their troubles because very often there are no pains in the stomach at all. So you see, you can't always judge an acid-stomach condition by the way your stomach, itself, feels.

If you are weak, nervous, unfit—if you are not up to your old time form—if you lack your accustomed enthusiasm, energy and pep—make this test and see if it isn't acid-stomach that is holding you back—robbing you of your health, strength and vigor. Get a big box of EATONIC—the wonderful modern medicine that so quickly puts an acid stomach to rights. It is in the form of pleasant tasting tablets that you eat like a bit of candy. EATONIC rides the stomach of excess

TAKE EATONIC TODAY FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

WEAKNESS REMAINS LONG AFTER Influenza

Reports Show That Strength, Energy and Ambition Return Very Slowly to Grippe Patients.

After an attack of influenza, doctors advise that nature be assisted in its building-up process by the use of a good tonic—one that will not only put strength and endurance into the body, but will also help to build up and strengthen the run-down cells of the brain.

One of the most highly recommended remedies to put energy into both body and brain is Bio-feren—your physician knows the formula—it is printed below.

There's iron in Bio-feren—the kind of iron that makes red blood corpuscles and creates vigor. There is lecithin also; probably the best brain invigorator known to science. Then there is good old reliable gentian, that brings back your lagging appetite.

There are other ingredients that help to promote good health, as you can see by reading this formula, not forgetting kolo, that great agent that puts the power of endurance into weak people.

Taken altogether Bio-feren is a splendid active tonic that will greatly help any weak, run-down person to regain normal strength, energy, ambition and endurance.

Bio-feren is sold by all reliable druggists and is inexpensive. For weakness after influenza patients are advised to take two tablets after each meal and one at bed time—seven a day, until health, strength and vigor are fully restored.

It will not fail to help you and if for any reason you are dissatisfied with results your druggist is authorized to return your money upon request—without any red tape of any kind.

Note to physicians: There is no secret about the formula of Bio-feren. It is printed on every package. Here it is: Lecithin; Calcium, Glycerophosphate; Iron, Peptonate, Mangano, Peptonate; Ext. Nux Vomica; Powdered Gentian; Phenolphthalein; Glearsin Capsicum. Kolo.

W. G. Masters left Sunday evening for Indianapolis, where he has accepted a position in the bonding department of the Fletcher-American National Bank.

Miss Maude Fowler, of Des Moines, Iowa, visited friends here Sunday evening enroute to Chicago. She has been the guest of Mrs. Sarah Cummings, of Medora, for the past several days.

All Traces of Scrofula Cleansed from the Blood

Impurities Promptly Wiped Out.

If there is any trace of Scrofula, or other impurities in your blood, you cannot enjoy the full physical development that a healthy body is capable of until your blood has been thoroughly cleansed and purified of all traces of impure matter.

S. S. the wonderful old purely vegetable blood remedy, has no equal

acid. Brings instant relief from indigestion, heartburn, sour belching, food repeating, bloat and gas and makes the stomach cool, pure, sweet and comfortable.

Dentists warn us against the bad effects of acid mouth, pointing out that the acid eats through the enamel of the teeth, causing them to decay. You can easily imagine then the amount of damage excess acid will cause to the delicate organization of the stomach.

Thousands of people are using EATONIC and the results obtained are so remarkable as to be almost unbelievable. Yet their letters of gratitude, many of which are received daily, prove absolutely that EATONIC does all and even more than we claim. The medical profession, too, recognizes the great value of this wonderful remedy. A learned Michigan doctor wrote recently: "I have had such wonderful success with EATONIC that I want every one to know how quickly it will neutralize the acidity of the stomach (acid-stomach) and the stomach will soon be sweet and normal again, and the sick man well and happy once more."

So be sure to get a big box of EATONIC from your druggist today. If it fails in any way to give you the kind of satisfaction you want, take it back—it will refund your money. He doesn't want one penny of your money unless EATONIC helps you.

TAKE EATONIC TODAY FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

ADVERTISED LIST.

March 3, 1919.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Post Office at Seymour, Ind., and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

LADIES.

Mrs. Eunice Blair.

MEN.

Mr. H. Berger.

W. S. Brown.

Albert Jordan.

W. S. Peek, R. R. 5.

Geo. B. Nash.

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.

License Notice.

All owners of dogs residing within the corporate limits of the city of Seymour are hereby notified that they must take out their licenses for the year 1919 before March 1 or be liable to arrest. All owners of motor cars must have their 1919 licenses before March 1, also, or arrests will follow.

J. T. ABELL,
Chief of Police.

PLANS MADE FOR BIG MONEY DRIVE

(Continued from first page)

pastors and lay-delegates showing the necessity of establishing a large endowment fund in order to properly support the superannuated pastors, teachers and professors of the church. After some very enthusiastic speeches had been made the campaign plan was discussed and accepted after which all delegates were pledged by individual roll-call to lend their most enthusiastic, energetic and sustained support to this undertaking during the whole campaign.

According to the plan the work of organizing the various churches will be accomplished between March 3rd-29th. On the following day, March 30th, the great drive is to be made from 2 o'clock to 6 o'clock p.m.

The meeting was adjourned at 5:30 o'clock and all guests and delegates were invited to partake of a luncheon which had been prepared by some of the ladies of the church and served in the spacious assembly room.

The Rev. E. H. Eggers, pastor of the local Lutheran church has been appointed district visitor for the campaign and will visit many churches in Southern Indiana and Kentucky in connection with the work.

Impurities Promptly Wiped Out.

If there is any trace of Scrofula, or other impurities in your blood, you cannot enjoy the full physical development that a healthy body is capable of until your blood has been thoroughly cleansed and purified of all traces of impure matter.

S. S. the wonderful old purely vegetable blood remedy, has no equal

SOCIAL EVENTS

MONDAY MUSICAL

The regular monthly meeting of the Monday Musical will be held this evening at the home of Mrs. Marguerite Groub on West Seventh street. The following is the program:

American Colonial Period—Indian and Negro Melodies.....Mrs. Luckey

Two Negro Spirituals, De Rocks A Renderin', Moanin' Dove—Arthur Farwell.....Miss Switzer

Plantation Song (Piano)—Farwell.....Mrs. Shiel

Prairie Sketches: a Dawn, b. Yuccas, c. Legend of the Plains—Cadman

Piano, Mrs. Masters, Poem, Mrs. Cox.

A Ruined Garden—Farwell.....Mrs.

Hannah Bollinger.

Navajo War Dance, Symbolistic Study, No. 1—Farwell.....Mrs. Groub.

Dry Yo' Eyes—Sigmund Landsburg.....Mrs. Voss, Miss Switzer, Miss Geile, Mrs. Cordes.

Gondoliera—Louis Victor Saar

Misses Aufderheide and Teekemeyer.

Idealized Indian Themes, Op. 54—

Cadman.....Mrs. Stewart

Hostess.....Mrs. Groub.

BIRTHDAY SURPRISE.

Mrs. Windom Goss entertained a number of little folks Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in honor of the fifth birthday anniversary of her son, Joe. The afternoon was spent with games and Victrola music. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served, the table being decorated with spring flowers. Pictures were taken during the afternoon.

The guests were Alberta Goforth, Marguerite Johnson, Louise Goforth, Lucille Abel, Virginia and Lena Beatrice Bishop, Louise Lahne, Jennie May Lahne, Helen Clark, Helen Simpers, Ruth Simpers, Mary Bosley, Virginia and Leonard Meyers, Carlos Ulery, Thurston Clark, Wm. Francis Kincaid, Morton Lester, Clarice and Donald Otto, Roy Misch, Joe Schenk and Joe Abel. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. H. A. Wilson and son, Phillip, of North Vernon.

BIRTHDAY SURPRISE.

F. Sciarra was pleasantly surprised Sunday at his home on South Chestnut street, the occasion being his birthday anniversary. A four course dinner was served at the noon hour. Covers were laid for Mr. and Mrs. D. DeMatteo, Mr. and Mrs. P. Colabuono, Mrs. Emma Wiethoff, Mrs. Mary Rose Sciarra, Miss Katie Hodapp, Misses Mary, Margaret and Anna DeMatteo, Mr. and Mrs. Sciarra and children.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

A delightful birthday celebration was held Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Windhorst, 713 West Oak street, in honor of Mrs. Windhorst's birthday. Dinner and supper were served to twenty-five guests. The remainder of the time was spent informally with music and games. Mrs. Windhorst was the recipient of several gifts.

(Additional Socials on page 4.)

COMING EVENTS

TUESDAY

Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First M. E. church with Mrs. L. T. Freeland, North Ewing street.

Loyal Devoir Society with Mrs. Melvin Jerrell, South Broadway.

Helpers Class of the First Baptist church with Mrs. Mort Black, 218 St. Louis avenue.

Junior K. K. Klub with Mrs. L. C. Hodapp, 209 West Second street.

WEDNESDAY

Missionary Society of Central Christian church at the church.

THURSDAY

St. Paul Ladies Aid Society at church parlors. Mrs. George Hunterman and Mrs. Harry Findley, hostesses.

Trinity M. E. Aid Society with Mrs. Sophia Schneck, west of city.

Fortnightly Club with Mrs. Clarence Goss, North Chestnut street.

Indiana Study Club with Mrs. W. M. Casey, North Chestnut street.

FRIDAY

Methodist Aid Society at church parlors.

Christian Aid Society at the church.

Baptist Sewing Society at the church.

Amite Club with Mrs. Clyde McGowan, South Poplar St.

He'Dove Club with Miss Ora Droege, West Brown street.

DEFEATED PRUSSIA WHINES FOR SYMPATHY OF WORLD

Attitude and Ambitions Are Unchanged, but Methods Are Altered Radically.

(By Frank J. Taylor, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Berlin, March 3.—That Prussian attitude and ambition is quite unchanged, so far as individuals are concerned, is one of the conclusions a foreigner is forced to after living in Berlin long enough to talk to people and to find out what they think.

The question is one of the most interesting and also most difficult to understand. By Prussians is meant the people of North Germany, as distinguished from those of other parts of the country. It is not hard to decide where they are from, no matter where you meet these people, nor is everyone in Berlin Prussian.

As a nation, Germans everywhere realize their defeat and realize the helplessness of their situation. But the attitudes toward the problems before them is sharply contrasting when you talk to South Germans after discussing the situation with Prussians.

Unconsciously, the Prussians assumes responsibility for the old system by the tremendous concern she manifests over Germany's collapse. From the Prussian point of view, it is the duty of every German to make the situation appear as bad as possible to gain as lenient a peace as possible.

Perhaps unconsciously, the Prussians are whining in order to win sympathy. A typical expression of the Prussian point of view will include pointing out that the Entente must not demand too much of Germany, will disclaim the responsibility for beginning the war, and will make an appeal for food and commerce.

There is something cold and calculating about the information you get from Prussians. Unconsciously, you find there is still a strong Pan-Germanic spirit, an ambition for empire, for the colonies, and for world commerce. The North Germans are continually on the aggressive to gain every point possible—a characteristic which probably is due to their dependence on the outside world for a living.

The South Germans of Bavaria and the Rhineland towns manifest far less fear over the defeat and the debt with which Germany will be burdened. Food conditions interest them, and the internal problems of the country. Foreign politics occupies far less place in their discussions.

The reason for the remarkably different view-point may be explained by the remark of a Bavarian high in political circles, "Between you and me, we don't mind this defeat so much after all. It's true that we might have made a far better peace a year ago, but we'd still be under the domination of Prussia. Now we are independent of it, and the Prussians know they can't rule us any more. We'll have to pay more, but it's a better freedom."

Prussia probably will make a strong bid to continue her influence over the Germans. The struggle is on now—the South Germans talk of "laws from Berlin" if the capital of the new republic is not moved further south. Unfortunately, there is no big city in Central Germany which would do. Under pressure from the South Germans, a new capital may be built from the ground up, after the manner of Washington.

Another interesting feature of South German life is the satisfaction with their own country and the life there. People are content to live and work and let the outside world alone. This may be due to the fact that life in South Germany is heartier, more solid and less of a struggle than in the North.

In Berlin and other parts of northern Germany there is a huge percentage of the population looking forward to leaving the country at the first opportunity, for America and England, if entry into those countries is possible. You are besieged with people who want to know if Germans soon can go to America. The Prussian viewpoint sees no reason why Germans cannot enjoy the fruits of the world as they did before the war.

Removal Notice.

I have moved my office from the Postal Building to the Hancock Building opposite the Post Office and will continue my practice in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat and fitting glasses.

Dr. Chas. E. Gillespie, Office Hours: 9:00 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 5:00 p. m. f26dftf

Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Blaney, of Redding township, were here Saturday afternoon shopping.

WRIGLEY'S

5

long-lasting bars in each package.

The biggest value in refreshment you can possibly buy.

A BENEFIT to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion.

The price is 5 cents.



New Spring Dresses



Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Chiffon Taffeta, Silk Poplin, Taffeta and Georgette Combinations, and All-wool Serges.

A wonderful selection of charming models. Many are gracefully draped, while others have attractive tunics and ruffles. Waists embroidered or braided in handsome designs, with square and round necks, tailored bows, pipings and beautiful beaded designs. In fact all the new style features for 1919 are here.

Colors—Pekin blue, henna, reseda, navy, black, taupe, brown and Copenhagen. Regular sizes 16 to 41, extra sizes 43 to 51.

Popular Prices:

\$6.98	\$9.98	\$12.50
\$14.50	\$19.50	\$22.50
\$27.50	\$34.50	

ALL ALTERATIONS FREE.

MILLINERY

Trimmed Hats of every description and every wanted new shade. Each one with that individuality that lends style to any Suit, Dress or Coat in our Ready-to-Wear Department.

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMORE, INDIANA

coal

ANTHRACITE COAL

48 HR. OVEN COKE
(Rescreened at our yards)

EASTERN LUMP COAL

EASTERN EGG COAL

INDIANA LUMP COAL

INDIANA EGG COAL

INDIANA MINE RUN COAL

Phone No. 4

EBNER ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY

ELECTRICAL WIRING

Phone K-490

When You Have Any Kind of

ELECTRICAL WORK

Prompt Attention Given to All Orders

O. H. CORBETT

REGULAR LUNCH ROOM

—Short Orders—

FRUITS CANDIES
CIGARS, MAGAZINES and

OYSTERS

Interurban Station
Scott Hardin

Buy Thrift Stamps Regularly

W. H. BURKLEY

Real Estate, Insurance and Loan
Seymour, Indiana

Astigmatism

A very common eye defect. Rays of light in astigmatism are not properly focused on the retina. This results in imperfect vision, blurring, etc.

There is difficulty in doing close work. The eyes are strained in reading, sewing, etc., causing headaches, pain in the eyes, indigestion and other troubles.

Astigmatism calls for special lenses adjusted to each case individually.

We have every facility for doing this and doing it accurately, scientifically.

GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist

Phone 249.

INDUSTRY ROSE TO NEEDS OF WAR

Great Britain Becomes Completely Independent of German Products.

NOW MEETS ALL DEMANDS

Before the War Germany Had Control of Much Raw Material That Was Vital—Finds Way to Supply Potash.

London.—A remarkable story of how British industries formerly dependent for their life blood on Germany have under the stress of war's demands arisen to a state of complete independence was told by Mr. Kellaway, parliamentary secretary to the British ministry of munitions, at a recent meeting of the industrial reconstruction council. Britain is now first in the world in almost every sphere of industrial effort, he said.

Beginning with raw materials, Mr. Kellaway showed that mica, absolutely essential to the electrical industry, was so controlled by Germany, although half the world's supply came from India, that when the war began the world's market was on the point of being transferred from London to Hamburg. But Indian mica now can be exported only to London, and the British electrical industry has taken the place Germany once held and is now the first in the world.

Before the war the British empire produced 40 per cent of the wolfram ore from which tungsten (essential for high speed steel and in metallic filaments) is made, but so successfully had Germany captured the trade that no British manufacturer was able to establish the industry in this country. To this position Germany owed her great superiority in munitions production in the earlier stages of the war. All that has been changed. Britain is now able to produce all the high speed steel she needs and to export at a reasonable price to her allies.

Controlled Australian Zinc.

Australia has practically unlimited supplies of zinc ore, but Germany obtained control of them, and 77 per cent of British pre-war supplies came from Germany, Belgium and Holland, Germany being Britain's largest supplier. But now Australia's output has been diverted, permanently, he hoped, to Great Britain.

Great Britain used to depend entirely on Germany for potash, essential for fertilizers, dyes, drugs and glass production. The war revealed that 50,000 tons of potash was going to waste here every year in the dust or fumes from blast furnace gases. That is now being collected. Germany had relied on her practical monopoly in Europe of natural deposits of potash to enable her to bargain for the recovery of her world markets. She will be disappointed. British enterprise and judicious government assistance have taken that power from her.

Machine tool production looked like an almost insoluble problem at the beginning of the war, but so greatly has production increased that before long the power of the engine will be the same as its weight in pounds, i. e., one pound per horse-power.

The British position in 1914 in regard to the production of magnetos was very grave, but, thanks to a display of grit in the face of almost insuperable difficulties, of resource and of patriotism as fine in its way as that shown by her fighting forces, the British magneto position has been established and made unassailable.

Foreign-Made Gun Sights.

The war was nearly lost because the British were almost entirely dependent on Germany and Austria for scientific and optical glass, essential to success.

It is humiliating, Mr. Kellaway continued, but it is the fact that at the outbreak of war a considerable part of our artillery was equipped with gun sights exclusively manufactured in Germany. Two British firms started making sights, but the position was exceedingly serious when the ministry of munitions was formed. Recently these two firms were producing 250 a week. The sight is a beautiful and delicate piece of work, and its production in such numbers and in a perfection which Germany never exceeded is a triumph for British skill.

Before the war the British optical

CIVIL WAR VETERAN

Tells Aged People How To Get More Strength.

Here is another link in the chain of evidence to prove that our famous cod liver and iron tonic Vinol creates strength for feeble old people.

Mr. Nelson H. Pease of the National Soldiers home, Tennessee, says:—"I am 74 years of age and was in a weak, debilitated condition, poor appetite and did not sleep well. Vinol gave me a good appetite, I sleep well, and it has built me up so I feel stronger and better in every way. I strongly recommend Vinol for such conditions as I believe it prolongs life for old people." William H. Federmann, Druggist, and Druggists Everywhere. P. S.—Our Saxol Salve is truly wonderful for Eczema. We guarantee it.



Groub's Belle Brand Canned Goods

are packed in sanitary, full-weight cans, with the best food the market affords. The quality in each can is guaranteed Extra Fine. Try a can of Groub's Belle Red Sour Pitted Cherries—they make fine pies.

The Returned Soldier

Is putting away his uniform and is again donning civilian clothes. His suits have not been worn for months. They are wrinkled and probably a little soiled. But they are too good to throw away. He wants to put them in the best possible condition so he takes them to the

BELL STEAM CLEANING WORKS

Our work is guaranteed and our customers know they will be satisfied.

ST. LOUIS AVENUE



C. E. Loertz,
Druggist

No. 1 E. Second St.
Phone 116

SAVE—W. S. S.—SERVE

VON FANGE Granite Co.
MONUMENTS
MARKERS
Seymour, Indiana

"Say it with Flowers"

Whatever the occasion—a birth, a death, a joy, a sorrow—you can best show your pleasure or sympathy by saying it with flowers.

Flowers sent by wire anywhere. We are as near to you as your telephone.

"Say it with Flowers"

Seymour Greenhouses
Phone 58

Electric Wiring

If you are contemplating electric wiring let us give you an estimate. Work given prompt, personal attention.

Carter Plumbing Company

MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1919.

5

JUST OPENED THE NEW
Spring Caps
LATEST SHAPES
50c to \$2

Caps were never so fashionable as this Spring; men and young men will wear them with greater favor than ever before. Our new Spring line has just arrived—including the snappy new styles in many exclusive shapes; high-color novelty patterns and solid colors; priced from 50c to \$2.00. They are unusually attractive caps—stylish and up-to-date. Come and look them over.

A. Steinwedel

Where You Are Sure of Satisfaction.



EATS SPECIALS for the CASH BUYER

WE SAVE YOU MONEY AND GIVE YOU THE BEST GOODS.

Oysters, good and fresh, pt.	35c	Vanilla Wafers, fresh, lb.	30c
Oyster Crackers, lb.	25c	Oranges, doz.	50 and 60c
Catsup, bottle.	15c	Grape Fruit, large, each.	13c
Jowl Kingans Sugar cured, lb.	25c	Pickles, sweet and sour, doz.	20c
Pickle Pork, lb.	25c	Kraut, 2 lb.	15c
Bean Bacon, lb.	20c	Potatoes, large Home grown, bu.	\$1.50
Country Bacon, fat.	25c	Pie Plant, bunch.	10c
Country Bacon, lean, lb.	30c	Lettuce, lb.	30c
Prunes, lb.	10c	Sugar, dark and A, lb.	10c
Raisins, box.	10c, 13c, 15c	Arbuckle Coffee, lb.	28c
Loose Seedless Raisins, lb.	15c	Coffee Loose Roast, lb.	20c
New Orleans Molasses, gal.	\$1.20	Can Peas can.	15c
Peanut Butter, lb.	25c	Can Sugar Corn.	15c
Salted Peanuts, lb.	20c	Loose Rolled Oats, 2 lb.	15c
Candies, Chocolates & all, lb.	30c	Daylight Soap, bar.	5c
Navy Beans, lb.	11c	Hebe Milk, small can.	6c
Butter Beans, lb.	15c	Hebe Milk, large can.	12c
Search Light Matches, box.	6c	Swift White Soap, bar.	6c
Double Dip Matches, box.	5c	Mackerel, fat, each.	15c
White Line washing powder, bx.	4c	White fish, 2 for.	15c

HOADLEY'S—FOR CUT PRICES

117-119 South Chestnut

Phone 26.

RUINED BY SHIPYARD PAY

High Wages Have Disastrous Effect on Immature Boys of Seattle, Says Doctor.

Seattle, Wash.—High wages as a result of the great demand for labor in Seattle's shipyards have had a disastrous effect on the youth of the city, according to Dr. Lillburn Merrill, chief diagnostician of the juvenile court here. He says:

"The most significant fact observed during the last year is the bad social effect high wages have had on immature boys of fourteen to seventeen years of age, who have been employed in shipyards. Time and again have been appealed to by fathers and mothers who have lost control of their sons and investigation has shown that the trouble started when the boys received their first big pay check."

Mrs. Mary Gardner returned to her home in Crawfordsville this morning after a several days' visit with her sister Mrs. Elizabeth Smiley and other relatives.

MUCH ACTIVITY AT GRAND JURY ROOM

(Continued from first page)

will be no jury trial next week unless some case is unexpectedly advanced.

The next case set for trial, according to the court calendar, is that of the state against Frank Franklin, charged with a violation of the prohibition law. It is set for next Monday.



At the Pinnacle of Hope, Desire, Achievement lies

Success

which comes to him only who courts it.
The foundation of

Business Success

is the Bank Account. Have you laid the foundation?

We are interested in your
Success.

RELIABILITY

ACCOMMODATION

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

SEYMOUR, IND.

STRENGTH

PERSONAL

Mrs. Charles Rogers spent today in Cincinnati.

Mrs. L. J. Eckstein spent today in Cincinnati.

Mrs. R. E. Nichols went to Cincinnati this morning.

H. T. Bennett went to Madison this morning on business.

E. J. Welsh went to Indianapolis this morning on business.

Sophia Burbrink of Jonesville, visited in Seymour today.

Mrs. Ed Dixon of Four Corners, visited friends here today.

Wm. Willman went to Columbus this morning on business.

Mrs. Verna Trapp left this morning for Fairbury, Illinois.

A. H. Kastning made a business trip to Indianapolis today.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Abel went to Indianapolis this morning.

Miss Florence Heller spent Sunday with relatives in Brownstown.

Mrs. Frances Dodds of Tunnelton, was here this morning shopping.

Sherman Davis made a business trip to Brownstown this morning.

Robert Hattabaugh of Farmington, was a business visitor here today.

A. F. Biddle, of Redding township, transacted business here Saturday.

Mrs. Tillie Haag spent Sunday with Mrs. Olaf Baurley at Four Corners.

Kenneth B. Beatty of near Hayden, transacted business here today.

F. L. Densford of Scottsburg, transacted business here Saturday.

Rev. Glenn O. Mills of Brownstown, transacted business here today.

Rev. U. A. Foster and family are moving from Vallonia to Indianapolis.

J. H. Buhner left this morning for Madison where he will visit a short time.

Miss Alice Luckey, of Redding township, visited in Seymour Saturday.

Henry VonFange, of Camp Taylor, spent the week-end with relatives in this city.

Ernest Rittman of Redding township, was a business caller here this morning.

Mrs. John Nogle of Kurtz, returned to her home this morning from Indianapolis.

Dr. D. L. Prall returned Sunday evening from a business visit in Indianapolis.

Mrs. John True of Mitchell, came this morning to be the guest of Mrs. Elmer Day.

Miss Pearl Stage, of Brownstown, left this morning for Detroit, Mich., on business.

Miss Louise Seibert, of Four Corners, was in Seymour this morning shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Tunley and daughter, Evelyn, went to Madison this morning.

N. Kaufman left Saturday noon for New York for a several days business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. K. D. Mann of near Farmington, visited relatives in this city Sunday.

Fred Newkirk who resides west of Seymour, was in town today transacting business.

George H. Wischmeier of Hamilton township, was a business visitor in this city today.

Dr. Harold Graessle of Indianapolis, is visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. G. G. Graessle.

Mrs. George Foist, of Redding, was a shopping visitor in this city Saturday afternoon.

Miss Hazel Hamilton and Orval Hamilton went to Sparksville this morning to visit relatives.

Miss Oglala Mueller spent the week end with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Mueller, at Vallonia.

James Rumbley of Brazil, has been called here on account of the death of his father, Wm. J. Rumbley.

Mrs. Lawson Mathis and daughter, Louise, of Tunnelton, were shopping visitors in this city today.

Mrs. Windom Goss and son, Joseph, returned this morning from a week end visit in Brownstown.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gardner and daughter went to Commiskey Saturday afternoon for an extended visit.

Miss Leota Wieneke returned to Indianapolis Sunday evening after a short visit with relatives and friends.

Rev. J. F. Severinghaus returned this morning from Bedford where he filled his regular appointment Sunday.

Otto Kain, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Kain, left this morning for Sheldon, Ill., where he will spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Otto, of Four Corners, spent Sunday with Julius Montgomery and family near Reddington.

Mrs. Carl Steincamp and Miss Clete Pierson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swengel near Farmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Barriger of this city, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swengel at Farmington Sunday.

Miss Mary Jane Arnold left this morning for Warren, Ohio, after a

CANDIES



Box and Bulk



We have the largest line of bulk Candies



All kinds of fresh, fruit creams



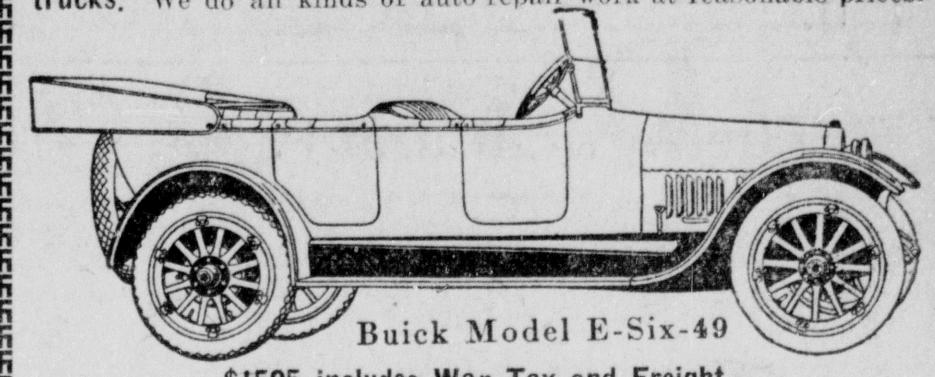
We buy the best, so as to sell the best



TRADE MARK
MAXON
PHARMACY
25 S. Chestnut St.
(Pellens' Old Stand.)

REAL MOTOR CARS

We have on the floor the latest models of cars. These cars have the snap. Come let us show you, at our Sales Room. We are agents for Buick, Studebaker, Dort, Hudson and Indiana trucks. We do all kinds of auto repair work at reasonable prices.



\$1595 includes War Tax and Freight.

This Buick touring car is something to be proud of. Valve-In-Head Motor SIX Cylinder. Buick Economy applies to repair bills, as well as to gasoline and oil.

CENTRAL GARAGE AND AUTO CO.

13 W. 3rd St. Rear of Postoffice, Seymour, Ind.

FARMERS HOMINY MILL.....

PAYS HIGHEST PRICES FOR GRAIN OF ALL KINDS

We have Northern White Seed Oats.

SEE US FOR FEEDS—WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE

Ask Us About Enterprise Flour

We Sell It

WE HAVE KILN DRIED CORN FEED MEAL @ \$2.50 PER CWT.

WIN IRISH BRIDES

Many United States Sailors Marry in Ireland.

Queenstown, Ireland.—Plans for the

dismantling of the American naval stations in and around Queenstown are

going forward rapidly. Time will be

required to remove the base hospital at White Point and much work will be

involved in removing the many big

warehouses which were brought here

from America and set up in record

time. Other important parts of the

American plan include wireless stations at Queenstown and Aglada and many huts.

American officers and men have

made a deep impression on the people of Queenstown and in other parts of

South Ireland, and relations generally

have been of the most cordial nature.

This is proved by the fact that a num-

ber of weddings already have taken

place, and more than one American

sailor has promised to return for the

girl he must leave behind.

Queenstown has prospered greatly

since the station was established here,

but the people declare their regret in

seeing the Americans depart be-

cause they have become accustomed to

their presence and like them for the

fine young fellows they are.

Miss Bertha Berndt has returned



FARMER'S PAGE



The Agricultural Page

This is the introduction of the Farmers' Page in the Seymour Daily Republican. It is a feature that the Republican trusts will be interesting as well as valuable to the farmers. It will also contain from time to time information relative to the home garden and in this respect will be of interest to readers who live in the city.

The Farmers' Page belongs essentially to the farmers. The Republican invites the farmers of Jackson and adjoining counties to contribute articles relative to agricultural work. Probably you have found some way of making your work lighter that will be of interest to other farmers. Write about it and send it to the Farmers' Page Editor, Seymour Republican.

The material for this page will be furnished by the farmers of the community, by the Jackson County agricultural department and the Extension Department of Purdue University. It will be devoted to the best interests of the farmers of the community and the page promises to become one of wide interest.

Apple Trees Not Likely to Be Injured Again

It is well to learn the lessons of 1917-1918 but hasty conclusions as its ultimate effect on fruit growing are to be avoided, said Professor Oskamp of the Horticultural Department of the Purdue Experiment Station who will discuss the topic, "Winter Injury of 1917-1918 and Its Lessons," at the Fruit Growers' Short Course which will be given February 24 to March 1. Nothing like the winter of 1917-1918 has ever been witnessed before in the history of our fruit industry.

The growth conditions prevailing during the summer of 1917 influenced the resistance of the trees to the cold and was responsible for the injury of thousands of trees. The season was short and wet and many trees failed to properly mature their wood. The zero weather also came unusually early which further increased the killing due to immaturity. Had a normal growing season preceded the severe winter or had the cold come later there would probably have been no killing in the apple. Thus even should a like winter prevail the same disastrous results would not necessarily be duplicated without a similar growing season preceding. The chances of apples again winter killing to similar degree in Indiana are therefore small, according to Professor Oskamp.

An orchard can be made to come into earlier and heavier bearing by judicious pruning. In one two acre experimental block of apples those trees receiving a light pruning of the proper kind came into bearing two years earlier and at nine years old bore 75 per cent. more fruit than trees which had been pruned according to the common practice of cutting them back severely. These results are given by Professor Oskamp of the Horticultural Department of Purdue University who will demonstrate his methods of pruning at the Fruit Growers' Short Course which will be given February 24 to March 1.

The importance of training the young tree has been brought out in the experiment. Many orchards in Indiana have been permanently weakened by failure to train the young tree so as to develop a strong framework that can carry a maximum crop of fruit without breaking and splitting the tree. The open-center type of tree is almost sure to develop such faults. It is an unnatural form for most apple varieties and the tree perpetually attempts to replace the central stem, thus necessitating the removal of much wood and delaying the age of bearing. The central stem or modified leader form of tree will produce a stronger, longer lived and more profitable tree with less pruning, says Professor Oskamp.

An orchard can be made to come

What Vegetables Shall We Plant?

When you are ordering your garden seeds from a catalogue or a well-stocked seed store, there are a bewildering selection of varieties somewhat confusing to the amateur gardener.

In general it is best to order old standard varieties rather than trying out many new introductions. Of course, if your garden is large it is well to plant a new vegetable or one or two new varieties to make gardening more interesting—but the sorts that have been tried out many times before in your locality and have succeeded will be the best for you to plant, says the Jackson county agricultural agent.

Consult some of the older vegetable gardeners of your neighborhood. They will be able to give you many good hints on the varieties of vegetables to use.

The following list includes some standard vegetable varieties that are recommended for Indiana: Bush Green Beans: Stringless Green Pod; Bush Wax Beans: Hodson Wax; Curries Rustproof; Bush Lima; Fordhook Bush; Henderson's Improved; Pole Green Beans: Ken-

tucky Wonder; Pole Lima: Carpinteria; King of the Limas; Beets: Crosby's Egyptian (early); Detroit Dark Red (late); Cabbage: Jersey Wakefield, Copenhagen Market (early), Succession (summer), Danish Ball Head, Flat Dutch (late); Carrot: Scarlet Horn (early), Chantenay, Danvers Half Long; Sweet Corn: Golden Bantam (early), Howling Mob (mid-season), Stowell's Evergreen, Country Gentleman (late); Head Lettuce: May King; Leaf Lettuce: Grand Rapids, Simpson; Onions: Yellow Globe Danvers, Red Wethersfield Australian Brown, Prizetaker; Peas: Alaska (very early), Gradus (early), Telephone, Champion of England (late); Irish Potatoes: Irish Cobbler, Triumph (early), Green Mountain, Rural New Yorker (late); Radish: Scarlet Globe, White Icicle (early), Charlier (summer), White Chinese (late); Spinach: Bloomsdale Savoy (spring), Prickly or Winter (fall planting); Tomato: Bonny Best, Chalk's Jewel (early), Stone, Baltimore (late); Turnip: Purple-top Strap-leaf, Purple-top Globe, Golden Ball.

Hatch Chicks Early to Get Winter Eggs

"Hatch Early" is a slogan which has been offered Indiana farmers and farmers' wives for several years, until a creditable portion of them have began to heed it. However there is a large percentage who have not yet learned the value of hatching chicks during March or the first week in April so as to obtain eggs early the following winter.

Some interesting records showing how early hatched birds have it "over" their late hatched sisters have been compiled by L. L. Jones, poultryman on the Purdue extension staff. For a flock of chicks hatched on the farm in March, the average egg laying mark was fourteen eggs during November, December and January. For some of the same kind of chicks, hatched in May, the egg

production record was four eggs apiece during the same three months. The reason for this difference was that the early hatched birds matured before cold weather, and had started laying before severe cold puts its damper on hens.

During February, March and April, the late hatched birds laid 26 eggs each, while those hatched in March laid 39 eggs apiece. The same proportion held good during the next three months and in the summer they laid practically even.

While the early and late hatched produced nearly the same during the late spring and summer months, when eggs were high and were much in demand, the early hatched birds far outdistanced their later hatched companions.

Mechanical Methods of Road Maintenance Becoming Necessary

With the coming of spring much attention must soon be paid to repairing and maintaining the highways of the State. In the addition of new materials and packing better methods than have heretofore been used are necessary. Graded materials that have the proper percentage of pebbles to furnish body to the wearing surface are needed on the more heavily travelled ways. These cannot be left loose on top of the old surface, as they offer unnecessary resistance to traffic and are thrown into the ditch by fast moving automobiles, neither of which improves the road. They must be bound to and incorporated in the old surface in order to render immediate, efficient and permanent service. Light scarifying and shaping will prepare the surface for the new material. Rolling the new material will complete the process and make the road ready for the traffic. Our present roads were packed by steel-tired horse-drawn vehicles. The motor truck and auto have a tendency to tear apart the materials rather than pack. Thus rolling is necessary to bind the particles together to resist auto wear.

The preparation of the road, grading of materials, hauling and rolling require a permanent organization if much good is to be done. Where the volume of work is great enough county owned apparatus has proved successful. Trucks have proved successful in seven counties that have been visited. I have no reports of failures from any county. All would enlarge the service rather than cut it down. To be economical, trucks require facilities for loading. I have no reports on the economy of small screening plants in connection with loading bins. The success of this would depend on the location of the pit and the facilities offered by existing private producers. Truck drivers should be paid well and kept on full time to insure constant and efficient service.

These statements were made by Prof. R. C. Yeoman, of the Highway Engineering Department of Purdue University following investigations over the State.

The whole problem should be viewed from the business standpoint and methods adopted that will insure good roads at the least price. Many counties are adopting new methods with success. A tremendous increase in highway traffic is forecast for the coming summer. Careful and thorough repair of the roads in the early spring will eliminate much expense and trouble later.

The preparation of the road, grading of materials, hauling and rolling require a permanent organization.

Community Seed Corn Testing Idea Favored

Community testing of seed corn in which large testers, holding the kernels from several thousand ears at one time are used, is being advocated this year by soils and crops specialists in the extension department of Purdue University. The idea is being taken up in a number of counties of the state as a big step in simplifying the work of seed corn testing.

The accompanying photograph shows one of three testers used last year and again this season in Gibson county. This tester, which will hold 15,000 ears at a time, was situated in the courthouse basement at Princeton and was erected by the Gibson County Better Farming Association at the suggestion of County Agent R. R. Marshall, when the serious seed shortage confronted the state a year ago. Two other testers of similar type and size were built in Owensville and Oakland City in the same county.

A competent man was placed in charge of each of the three testers and the farmers paid 50 cents a bushel for the testing. Of this amount 40 cents went to the man doing the work and the remainder to pay for the material and building of the testers and many other expenses incurred by the better farming association on this work.

It is to encourage co-operation of this sort, in which the seed may be tested cheaper than in any other way, and as thoroughly as can be done, that the campaign is being waged throughout Indiana. Large testers of this sort have been built in several counties and more will be built to try out during the next few weeks.

"The cost of testing in this way is only seven and eight cents per acre," says W. A. Ostrander, of Purdue, who has charge of this work. "Every man knows that he should test his seed and the biggest arguments the farmers themselves offer for this method of community testing are that it takes it out of the farm home and gives a practical, easy and cheap way of testing every ear.

Dormant Spray Must Be Applied Before Buds Start

The time is here for the application of the dormant spray. There is one of the most important sprays for fruit trees. The health and vigor, and even the life of the trees, may depend upon this application. Scale insects and the spores of certain diseases which are a serious menace to the trees may be controlled by the application of sprays of a strength you would not dare use after the foliage starts.

Lime sulphur solution is most commonly used for this spray and should be diluted, one gallon to six or seven gallons of water until it will test 5 degrees Baume. Miscible oils are also successfully used by some for this spray, but care must be used in their preparation as free

oil in the mixture may be harmful to the trees. The oil sprays should be diluted according to manufacturers' instructions. It is very important that this work be done thoroughly. Do not expect to do a good job by spraying from one side only. Neither can satisfactory work be done by driving down the row, without stopping the team. See that every part of the tree is completely covered.

Prepare to do this now for it will be too late when the buds start. Do not be deceived by patent nostrums to be sprinkled upon the ground or inserted in a hole in the body of the tree and guaranteed to kill all insects and diseases incident to tree life.

Treating of Seed Oats

A campaign for the treating of seed oats with formaldehyde to prevent smut will be waged during the next few weeks or till up to sewing time by men in the extension department of Purdue University. The campaign will extend to every county in the state and county and agricultural agents everywhere will take up the work. This is in line with a national campaign and will be similar to those waged during the last few years. F. J. Pipal of the botanical division at Purdue and several assistants will lead the campaign in the state.

The increase in yield due to the treatment with formaldehyde ranged

from two to thirty bushels per acre," said Mr. Pipal. "These figures are on demonstrations which have been conducted in Indiana and other states during the last five years.

"Practically every field has more or less smut unless the seed is treated. It is very easy to overlook the smutted stalks in the field since they are shorter than the sound stalks and almost completely hidden by the latter when one simply glances over the crop. Treating the seed every year, as it is generally practiced now in a number of northern counties of this state, is the only way to make sure that no loss is suffered on account of smut.

Many home gardeners in Seymour are in doubt as to how much of each vegetable to plant in their gardens, since they do not know how much they can produce from a certain area. Any estimated yield can be only approximate since the vegetables you will secure from a row of certain length will depend on your soil, on weather conditions, and cultural practice. The following estimates are based on what may reasonably be expected if you have good soil, use proper fertilization, and take proper care of your garden:

From hundred foot rows you may get the following yields:

Bush string beans, 1 to 3 bushels. Bush lima beans, 10 quarts. Beets, carrots, parsnips, turnips, salsify, 2 to 5 bushels.

Sweet corn, 8 to 13 dozen ears. Irish potatoes, sweet potatoes, 1 to 2 bushels.

Early Cabbage, 65 heads weighing 1 1/2 to 2 pounds each. Late cabbage, 50 heads weighing 3 to 4 pounds each.

Onions, 2 bushels. Peas, 1 bushel.

Tomatoes, 5 to 8 bushels.

From the above list, if you know approximately how much of each vegetable you can use during the year, you can figure the space you must allow for each crop to get enough for summer use, canning and drying.

Some other vegetables not included in the above list should find a place in the home garden. Fifteen or twenty feet of Swiss Chard will supply greens for summer table use and canning for the average family. Half a dozen parsley plants will provide garnishing and flavoring greens.

You do not need to supply space for early radishes. Mix a few radish seed with your parsnips and salsify at seeding time. Your radishes will be large enough to eat before the other plants in the same rows get

Farm Tractor Discussed In New Purdue Bulletin

"The Farm Tractor" is the subject of a Bulletin, No. 89, by Prof. William Aitkenhead, head of the farm mechanics department at Purdue University, which has just been published by the Agricultural Experiment Station.

The author discusses the size of farms on which tractors are found; cost of fuel and repairs, saving in horses and men due to tractors; preferred size of tractor; the length of life of a tractor; increased acreage of crops as a result of using the tractor; depth of plowing; delays due to mechanical trouble; number of days tractors are used per year; wheel arrangement; ignition, kerosene as fuel, lubrication, grease cups, dust removers, transmissions, friction drive, types of tractors, position of engine, choice of a tractor, consumption of fuel and trouble chart.

Valuable pointers for every tractor owner or prospective owner in the state is contained in the circular which may be obtained by writing to Purdue University for it.

Aid in Road Building

With full State cooperation according to the terms of the Federal Aid Road Act, the United States will have a total of at least \$574,000,000 for cooperative road building during the next three years. The Federal part of this fund is assured by an extra appropriation of \$209,000,000 in the Post Office appropriation bill just passed by Congress and signed by the President.

Officials of the Bureau of Public Roads, U. S. Department of Agriculture, which administers the provisions of the Federal Aid Road Act and cooperates with the State governments in the expenditure of the money, point out that this amount of funds is the largest ever appropriated for similar purposes and for a similar period by any government in the history of the world, and that it enables the Federal and State governments to carry out a road-building program of a magnitude never equalled.

In connection with the great Federal-aid program it is also noted that expenditures for highway work in the United States this year are likely to amount to a half billion dollars or more. On reports received from State highway departments, the Bureau of Public Roads estimates the 1919 expenditures for roads and bridges at \$385,000,000,

or \$110,000,000 more than the average expenditures for 1916 and 1917.

An important effect of the law containing the new appropriation is that it broadens the definition of a rural post road, under which class a highway had to qualify in order to receive the benefits of the Federal aid act.

Twenty Shorthorn breeders of LaPorte county have formed the LaPorte District Shorthorn Breeders' Association, which will work with the newly formed agricultural association of that county. Dean J. H. Skinner, of the Purdue College of Agriculture, gave one of his characteristic livestock talks which was favorably received, and by-laws were adopted which provide for a \$10 membership fee to be paid annually. The officers are: president, A. E. Watson, LaPorte; first vice-president, Roy P. Schnurr, LaCrosse; second vice-president, Ward Travis, Stillwell; secretary, Julius Travis, LaPorte; treasurer, John Emery, New Carlisle.

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 10 cents each, 90c per dozen. Call at Republican office, 108 W. Second St.



Federmann's Drug Store

The Rexall Store

SPECIAL PRICES

FOR THE FIRST WEEK OF MARCH

Sale Begins Monday Morning and will continue all week.

About 75 ladies' skirts, more or less, consisting of Serges, Satins and Silks. Plains and stripes, sizes up to 30 waist, worth up to \$7.50, Sale Price

\$4.95

About 50 doz. ladies' hose, in black only, 25¢ quality at

15c

About 20 dozen Burson hose for ladies no seam, in white and cream, per pair

25c

AT

SIMON'S

Sunday School Report.

Central Christian	254	\$10.00
First Methodist	253	9.48
First Baptist	231	6.85
Trinity M. E.	168	5.28
Woodstock Baptist	99	3.19
Nazarene	98	7.22
Park Mission	93	2.93
Presbyterian	91	3.97
St. Paul	64	1.87
Southwest Mission	57	53
Glenlawn Mission	38	35
Total	1446	\$51.67

Muslin Signs, "NO HUNTING NOR TRESPASSING" for posting your farm, 10¢ each, 90¢ per dozen, at Republican Office.

F. H. HEIDEMAN
Pianos, Furniture, Rugs, Linoleum
Funeral DirectorPiano and Pipe Organ Tuning
C. H. DROEGEBUY THRIFT STAMPS
Anna E. Carter
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office at the Daily Republican
Office, 108 West Second St.

For Skin Troubles

Don't worry about eczema or other skin troubles. You can have a clear healthy skin by using Zemo, obtained at any drug store for 35¢ or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo generally removes pimples, blackheads, blotches, eczema and ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy and stains nothing. It is easily applied and costs a mere trifle for each application. It is always dependable.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

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YOU GET WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU ASK FOR IT HERECLASSIFIED ADV. RATES
Minimum, Ten Words.
Daily Edition.
One insertion, per word.....1 ct.
Three insertions, per word.....2 cts.
Six insertions, per word.....3 cts.
One month insertions, per word.....10 cts.
Weekly Edition
Each insertion, per word.....1 ct

WANTED—To furnish sand and gravel for all kind of building and repair work, also sharp sand for poultry. Phone L-787. Norman Chastien, Woodstock. m8d

WANTED—Girl for light house work, no washing. Elderly lady preferred. Phone 733. f28dtf

WANTED—Old rags and old iron. Frank Franklin 125 South Pine, Phone L-659. n20dtf

WANTED—Experienced saleslady. Apply at Simon's Dry Goods Store. m3dtf

WANTED—At once, young girl for general house work. Phone 748. f25d-tf

WANTED—To buy all kinds of used furniture and stoves. Phone 714. m17d

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. Phone 453. f24dtf27w

WANTED—Boy. Ahlbrand Carriage Co. m5d

BROOMS—Brooms! Call at my home on 7 West Brown street and see how brooms are made and buy an honest made broom at a reasonable price. Will make up your broom corn on the shares. Remember no business done on Saturday. Phone 189. Elmer Pinchon. f28d&wtf

\$68 TAKES my new \$250 Tyrolia phonograph, Edison and Pathé Saphire and 200 steel needles and records, New, still crated. Will send picture and ship C. O. D. on approval. Act quick. Waverly Brown, Wilmette, Ills. m6d&w

FOR SALE—Gentle driving horse, light two-seated rig, set single harness. Inquire 706 Ewing street, or Kessler Hardware store. T. F. Stewart. f28d&wtf

FOR SALE—Team of mares, gentle, well broke. Also timothy hay. A. F. Biddle, R. 1, Seymour. m5d13w

FOR SALE—Hay. Phone 1, H. Mankin, Reddington, or write J. R. Little, Seipio, Indiana. m4d-13w

FOR SALE—Rubber tired buggy and harness; good condition. Inquire 316 Central Avenue. f25dtf

FOR SALE—All wool carpet, practically new. Inquire 202 South Bill. m4d

FOR SALE—Buggy good as new. George Eggersman, 709 South Poplar street. m8d&w

FOR SALE—Six year old sorrel mare. Ernest Rittmann, R. 8, Seymour. m4d&w

FOR SALE—Dining room suite, 516 North Chestnut or Phone 696. f24dtf

BARGAINS—In used machines at Pauley & Son's Garage. m1dtf

3 FURNISHED ROOMS—For light housekeeping. Call R-230. f17dtf

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room. 114 Mill street. f22dtf

GASOLINE ENGINES—I do all kinds of gasoline engine repairing. Also stoves of all kinds. W. Baughman, 526 E. Seventh street. f13dtf

FOR BARGAINS—In wall paper, see or write C. B. Biggs, expert paper hanger and decorator. 413 West Laurel street. m12d

DE MATTEO'S GROCERY—Cheapest and best. Come and give us a trial. Phone 382, Third street and Indianapolis avenue. f15d&wtf

LADIES—Mrs. J. F. Fislar is prepared to do all kinds of dressmaking on short notice. Phone Farmington A-2. m31d

TAXI SERVICE—Calls answered day or night. Tipton Richardson, Phone 296. Residence phone 67. f27dtf

FOR SALE—Six room two story house and one acre of ground, south end of Broadway. John Gardner. m7d

BAGGAGE TRANSFER—Grover Marquette. Phone 274. Residence phone R-281. d3d-tf

Calling Cards.
One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50¢. Republican Office.

TAXI SERVICE—Calls answered day or night. Office phone 218. Residence phone 577. Henry Mascher. m25d

SHOE REPAIRING—A. H. Kain, 308 East Second Street. m11d

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 10 cents each, 90¢ per dozen. Call at Republican office. 108 W. Second St.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

It's very fine to splash about
I wouldn't miss my morning tub
But when it comes to washing ears—
As Hamlet says, "Ah, there's the rub!"
R. J. COHEN

Weather Report.

Increasing cloudiness tonight. Tuesday colder in afternoon.

Seymour Temperatures.

Reported by Ira Bedel, government weather observer, for the twenty-four hours ending at noon today. Max. Min.

Weather Forecast for the Week.

Rains and snows Monday and Thursday od Friday; temperature below normal much of week.

WIFE OF COUNTY CORONER DEAD AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Mrs. George T. Manuel Dies at Home on Pine Street—Funeral Wednesday Afternoon.

Mrs. George T. Manuel, aged fifty-five, died at her home on North Pine street this morning at 7 o'clock, following an attack of creeping paralysis which had developed since last December when she fell on Walnut street and was seriously injured.

Mrs. Manuel, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stillwell, was born in this city on June 13, 1865. For a number of years following her marriage to George Manuel she was a resident of Freetown. On November 21, 1917 Mr. and Mrs. Manuel moved from that place to this city and took up permanent residence on Pine street. Mrs. Manuel was the mother of two sons, Clifford, aged twenty-one, who was killed in a railroad accident March 25, 1905, near Westport, and Clyde, who died Nov. 12, 1905. At Freetown and in this city Mrs. Manuel leaves many friends who grieve over her death. She was a friend to all and was ever eager to assist those in need of aid and comfort.

The funeral services will be conducted at the Nazarene church, Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Interment at Riverview cemetery.

The deceased is survived by a husband, one brother, Joseph Stillwell,

Clear Springs, and three half brothers, Jacob E. Tanner, Clear Springs, Gorden Tanner, Medora, and George Altridge, Mitchell.

Miss Conza Felters Dead.

Miss Conza Mary Felters, aged thirty years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Felters, Reddington, died at the home of her parents this morning at 6:45 o'clock. The funeral will be conducted at the Rockford church Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Anderson, Cortland, officiating. Interment will be conducted in the Riverview cemetery.

Miss Felters was born in Boone county in 1889. Her death is due to a complication of diseases from which she had been ill for nearly one year. The deceased is survived by a father and mother, three sisters, Mrs. Charles Lind, Reddington, Mrs. Phi Morton, Seymour, Mrs. Hillis Welsh, Seymour, and one brother, Schuyler, at home.

The Seymour Orchestra has issued invitations for a dance to be held at the Moose Hall this evening. An excellent program of music has been arranged and a large crowd is expected to be in attendance. This is the second of a series of semi-monthly dances given by the Orchestra.

Clyde Keller son of Mr. and Mrs. Keller, North Ewing street, is suffering from a severely strained neck which he sustained while engaged in a friendly wrestling match. The injury developed almost a week after the wrestling contest occurred.



The policies of this meat market are controlled by the discriminating housewife. Our thriving business has been built upon the platform of women's rights. Here Service and Quality hold sway. The choicest meats you ever met.

Frank Cox

Phone 119 Cor. 2nd and Ewing Sts

Majestic Theatre
TONIGHT
BEGINNING AT 7:00 P. M.
A Program of High Class Movies Fea-
turing the World's Greatest Stars.GLORIA SWANSON
in a five act drama entitled
"Shifting Sands"TOMORROW—Norma Talmadge
in a five act drama entitled:
"HER ONLY WAY"
PRICES: Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 6c.
Plus 10 Per Cent. War Tax.
Matinee 5c to All.
REMEMBER WE GIVE AWAY \$5.00
IN GOLD EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT

George and Joe

Geo. Hunterman, local wheat buyer, began with Blish in 1879, and Joe Rottman, mill superintendent, started in 1886.

Colonial Flour

is George's experience in selecting wheat, plus Joe's art of knowing how to mill it.

Blish Milling Company
"Millers in Colonial Days"

MONEY TO LOAN

TO FARMERS

Do not impose on your friends or relatives to endorse your note when you can get it on

—Your Name Only—

You can use our money from seed time to harvest. Come in and let us explain our method.

Agent in Seymour Friday
of each week.CAPITOL LOAN CO.
11½ W. 2nd St., With John Congdon

CLEARING THE WAY FOR ADJOURNMENT

(Continued from first page)

eration of legislative apportionment taken on the total number of votes cast on all candidates for secretary of state be made every six years. The vote was 36 to 0.

Senator Bracken vigorously opposed passage of this resolution. He said he believed an organized attempt is being made to defeat woman's suffrage by "balling" up the constitution.

The Masters resolution legalizing expenditures for labor on public highway in excess of rates prescribed by law by county highway superintendents and commissioners and for maintenance of prisoners and orphans was passed by the senate, 22 to 10.

The revival meetings which are being held at the Nazarene church, will continue for another week.



THE COUNTRY STORE

East Second St.

SPECIALS

THE BON MARCHE

Third and Chestnut.

Lantz & Co. Queen White Laundry Soap, 10 bars. 45c
Procter & Gamble's Lenox Laundry Soap, 10 bars. 55c
Palm Olive and Jap Rose Toilet Soap, 3 bars. 25c
Lake Herring, fresh supply just in, 2 lbs. 25c
Hand picked navy beans, lb. 10c
10c Macaroni and Spaghetti, 3 boxes. 25c
5c Macaroni and Spaghetti, 6 boxes. 25c

RAY R. KEACH, Seymour, Ind.

Low price on Country Bacon, Country Lard, Country Shoulders.

Good grade of Double Dip Matches, box. 5c
Galvanized 10 qt. Pails each. 29c
Galvanized 12 qt. Pails each. 35c
No. 1 Gal. Wash Tubs each. 98c
No. 2 Gal. Wash tubs each. \$1.10
No. 3 Gal. Wash tubs each. \$1.25